

Name:

Exam Style Questions

## Completing the Square



Equipment needed: Pen

### Guidance

1. Read each question carefully before you begin answering it.
2. Check your answers seem right.
3. Always show your workings

Video Tutorial

[www.corbettmaths.com/contents](http://www.corbettmaths.com/contents)

Videos 10, 267a



Answers and Video Solutions



1. Write  $x^2 + 8x + 6$  in the form  $(x + a)^2 + b$ , where a and b are constants.



.....  
(2)

- 
2. Write  $x^2 + 12x - 1$  in the form  $(x + a)^2 + b$ , where a and b are constants.



.....  
(2)

3. Express  $x^2 - 4x - 9$  in the form  $(x - a)^2 - b$



.....  
(2)

4. Express  $x^2 + 6x + 25$  in the form  $(x + a)^2 + b$



.....  
(2)

5. Roz has been asked to write  $x^2 + 10x + 7$  in the form  $(x + a)^2 - b$



Here is her working out.

$$x^2 + 10x + 7$$

$$(x + 10)^2 - 100 + 7$$

$$(x + 10)^2 - 93$$

Is Roz correct?

Explain your answer.

.....

.....

(2)

- 
6. Write  $x^2 - 3x + 7$  in the form  $(x + a)^2 + b$



.....

(3)

7. Georgina rewrites the expression  $x^2 + px + q$  by completing the square. She correctly obtains  $(x - 5)^2 + 31$



Work out the values of  $p$  and  $q$ .

$p = \dots\dots\dots$  and  $q = \dots\dots\dots$   
(3)

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8.  $x^2 - 4x + b \equiv (x + a)^2 + 11$



Work out the values of  $a$  and  $b$

$a = \dots\dots\dots$   $b = \dots\dots\dots$   
(3)

9.  $x^2 + 5ax + b \equiv (x + 20)^2 - 3a$



Work out the values of  $a$  and  $b$

$$a = \dots\dots\dots b = \dots\dots\dots$$

**(3)**

10.  $x^2 - 6x - 3 \equiv (x - a)^2 - b$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants



(a) Find the values of  $a$  and  $b$ .

$$a = \dots\dots\dots \text{ and } b = \dots\dots\dots$$

**(3)**

(b) Hence solve  $x^2 - 6x - 3 = 0$

$$x = \dots\dots\dots \text{ or } x = \dots\dots\dots$$

**(3)**

11. Using completing the square, solve  $x^2 - 6x + 2 = 0$



.....  
(5)

12. Using completing the square, solve  $x^2 + 4x + 1 = 0$   
Give your answers in surd form.



.....  
(5)

13. Using completing the square, solve  $x^2 - 14x - 2 = 0$   
Give your answers in surd form.



.....  
(5)

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14. Express  $3x^2 + 18x - 1$  in the form  $a(x + b)^2 + c$



.....  
(3)



15. Write  $3x^2 - 12x + 4$  in the form  $a(x + b)^2 + c$ , where a, b and c are constants



.....  
(4)

- 
16. Use completing the square to find the minimum point of the curve  
 $y = x^2 - 6x + 1$



.....  
(4)

17. Use completing the square to find the minimum point of the curve



$$y = x^2 + 4x + 7$$

.....  
(4)

- 
18. A curve has equation  $y = x^2 - 10x + 20$



(a) Write  $x^2 - 10x + 20$  in the form  $(x - a)^2 - b$

.....  
(3)

(b) Write down the equation of the line of symmetry of  $y = x^2 - 10x + 20$

.....  
(1)

19. (a) Write  $x^2 + 8x - 7$  in the form  $(x + a)^2 - b$



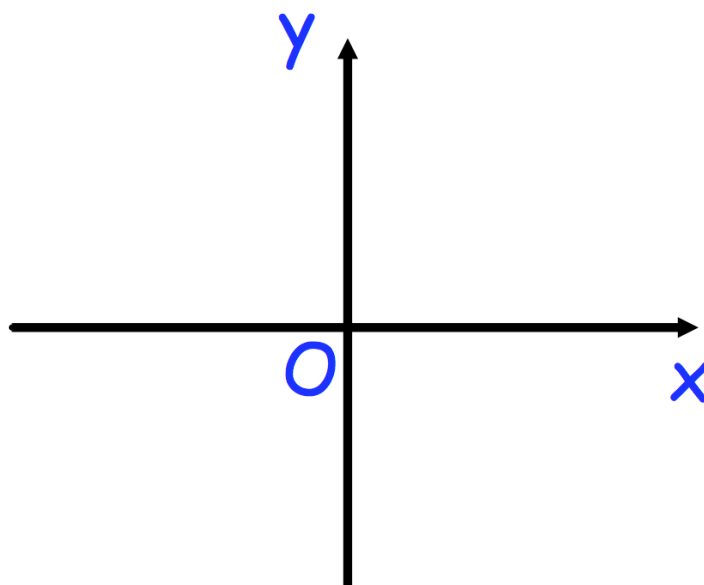
.....  
(2)

- (b) Solve the equation  $x^2 + 8x - 7 = 0$   
Give your answers in surd form.

$x = \dots\dots\dots$  and  $x = \dots\dots\dots$   
(3)

- (c) Sketch the graph of  $y = x^2 + 8x - 7$

Show the coordinates of the turning point and the coordinates of any intercepts with the coordinate axes.



(4)

20. The  $n$ th term of a sequence is  $n^2 - 6n + 13$



By using completing the square, show that every term is positive.

**(3)**